Ag Project Center Safety Practices for Cattle Guided Notes

<u>Why</u>	<u>Safety Matters in Agriculture:</u>						
-	Safety is important in agriculture because it keeps the and						
	the safe at all times.						
-	out of every on-farm injuries to youth in the United States is animal						
	related						
-	Cattle were involved in more than of these injuries						
-	Most frequent injuries include:						
	- 1.						
	- 2.						
	- 3.						
	- 4.						
	- 5.						
<u>Com</u> ı	mon Hazards in the Barn:						
-	Always before spraying or using any chemicals in or around						
	the barn.						
-	You should regularly inspect for issues such as broken welds						
	broken chains, etc.						
-	What are common types of commotion and noises that can happen in/around the						
	barn?						
	- 1.						
	- 2.						
	- 3.						
	- 4.						
<u>Perso</u>	onal Protective Equipment (PPE):						
-	What are the types of PPE that are required for the barn?						
	- 1.						
	- 2.						
	- 3.						
<u>Proje</u>	ct Center Equipment Safety:						
-	If something is malfunctioning/broken, it should be reported to the						
	immediately.						
-	Animals can or themselves while						
	unattended.						

<u>Animal</u>	andling Safety - Halter Breaking:						
- D	's:						
	- Start off in a area.						
	- Leaving a on is ok until the animal gets to know y						
	in the pen with the animal for the first few weeks, at						
	the feed pan is best.						
- D	n'ts:						
	- Get						
	- Ever around						
	your hand or waist						
	- Get the animal out of the pen until you can						
	it around the pen						
	- Get the animal out for the first time someone else						
	there						
<u>Animal</u>	andling Safety - Tying:						
- 0	e wrong and the animal could itself.						
- T	ng Steps:						
	- 1.						
	- 2.						
	- 3.						
	- 4.						
	- 5.						
	- 6.						
	andling Safety - Walking:						
- D	S:						
	- Start in a area where the calf can't get too far away						
	from you, but you can get away from them						
	- If the calf wants to stop, have your helper the calf's						
	tail to keep them moving						
	- Work your way up to a area once you are ready						
- D	n'ts:						
	the calf when it doesn't want to walk						
	- Moving calf to the left, twist the tail to the						
- N	- Moving calf to the right, twist the tail to the						

<u>Anim</u>	al Handling Safety	- Trailer Loadin	<u>g:</u>			
-	Do's:					
	 Make sure t open 	he trailer is	of all tack and the gates are			
	<u> </u>	the anin	nal onto the trailer and tie the	m up, then		
them off the trailer						
-	Don'ts:					
	 Let them 		_ you on and off the trailer			
			off the trailer			
<u>Anim</u>	al Handling Safety					
-	Mature calves tend	to kick	, to the	and		
	then					
-	Calves tend to kick	slightly	to the	and		
	then	or				
<u>Anim</u>	al Product Safety:	•				
-		Correct use -	correct species, amount, nun	nber of days,		
	etc.		. , ,			
-		used on othe	r species and/or for other sick	iness than		
	labeled	1:00				
-			unt or species than label with	directions given		
	from a veterinarian					
Eiro/E	Electrical Safety in	the Barn:				
<u> - </u>	Electrical Safety in		and	codos		
-	Extension cords in	ust meet	and	codes		
Emer	gency Preparedne	ee.				
<u> </u>	-		_ or			
_	Step 2 is to make of					
	otop 2 to to make t		 			
Repo	rting and Commun	ication:				
- 			I source of harm or adverse h	ealth effect of a		
	 A is a potential source of harm or adverse health effect or person or persons 					
_	Common Hazards:					
	- 1.					
	- 2.					
	- 3.					
	- 4.					